

Convatec Denmark A/S

Transformervej 14, 2860 Søborg

Annual Report for the year 1 January - 31 December 2024

CVR No: 31 47 70 93

The Annual Report was
presented and adopted at the
Annual General Meeting of
the Company on
08 July 2025

Maria Mercedes Armendariz Sola
Chairman

Signed by:



Signer Name: Mercedes Armendariz
Signing Reason: I approve this document
Signing Time: Jul 9, 2025 | 4:41:22 PM BST

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Contents

Page

Management's Statement and Auditor's Report

Management's Statement 1

Independent Auditor's Report 2

Management's Review

Company Information 5

Financial Highlights 6

Management's Review 7

Financial Statements

Income Statement 1 January - 31 December 8

Balance Sheet 31 December 9

Statement of Changes in Equity 11

Notes to the Financial Statements 12

Management's Statement

The Executive and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Convatec Denmark A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31 December 2024 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Søborg, 08 July 2025

Executive Board

Signed by:

Signer Name: Michael Jensen
Signing Reason: I approve this document
Signing Time: Jul 8, 2025 | 8:35:26 PM BST
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Board of Directors

Signed by:

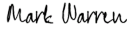
Signer Name: Mercedes Armendariz
Signing Reason: I approve this document
Signing Time: Jul 9, 2025 | 4:41:32 PM BST
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Signed by:

Signer Name: Kjersti Grimsrud
Signing Reason: I approve this document
Signing Time: Jul 8, 2025 | 7:46:19 PM BST
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Signed by:

Signer Name: Michael Jensen
Signing Reason: I approve this document
Signing Time: Jul 8, 2025 | 8:35:34 PM BST
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Signed by:

Signer Name: Mark Warren
Signing Reason: I approve this document
Signing Time: Jul 8, 2025 | 7:00:00 PM BST
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Independent Auditor's Report

To the shareholders of Convatec Denmark A/S Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of for the financial year 01.01.2024 - 31.12.2024, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2024 -31.12.2024 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate,

they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.

Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial

statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required by relevant law and regulations.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements in the relevant law and regulations. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen,
08.07.2025

Deloitte
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR No. 33963556

Signed by:

Henrik Wolff Mikkelsen



Signer Name: Henrik Wolff Mikkelsen

Signer Reason: I approve this document

Signing Time: Jul 9, 2025 | 5:22:48 PM BST

Henrik Wolff Mikkelsen

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State Authorised Public Accountant

Identification No (MNE) mne33747

Signed by:

Leon Thomas Ravn Fagerlind



Signer Name: leon Thomas Ravn Fagerlind

Signer Reason: I approve this document

Signing Time: jul 9, 2025 | 5:12:57 PM BST

Leon Thomas Ravn Fagerlind

State Authorised Public Accountant

Identification No (MNE) mne49914

Company Information

Company Information

The Company

Convatec Denmark A/S
Transformervej 14
2860 Søborg

CVR No: 31 47 70 93
Financial year: 1 January - 31 December
Municipality of reg. office: Gladsaxe

Supervisory Board

Kjersti Grimsrud
Michael Christian Remy Jensen
Mark Edward Warren

Executive Board

Michael Christian Remy Jensen

Auditors

Deloitte
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Weidekampsgade 6
DK-2300 Copenhagen S

Financial Highlights

Seen over a five-year period, the development of the Company is described by the following financial highlights:

Financial Highlights

	2024 TDKK	2023 TDKK	2022 TDKK	2021 TDKK	2020 TDKK
Key figures					
Profit/loss					
Gross profit	17 799	19 664	22 645	22 128	17 958
Profit before financial income and expenses	1 232	2 225	2 465	2 095	2 201
Net financials	361	-1 905	10 503 741	-15 438	-26 321
Net profit for the year	1 239	438	10 510 320	589 575	-19 151
Balance sheet					
Balance sheet total	100 619	192 127	226 018	2 604 102	2 633 648
Equity	87 766	128 263	127 558	1 167 210	1 177 534
Investment in property, plant and equipment	22	0	0	5	0
Average number of employees	14	17	12	20	22
Ratios					
Solvency ratio	87,2%	66,8%	56,4%	44,8%	44,7%
Return on equity	1,1%	0,3%	1623,5%	50,5%	-1,6%

The ratios have been prepared in accordance with the recommendations and guidelines issued by the CFA Society Denmark. For definitions, see under accounting policies.

Management's Review

Main activity

Convatec Denmark A/S is owned by the Convatec Denmark Holdings ApS.

Convatec Denmark A/S main activity is to commercialize medical devices in 4 main business areas:

- Ostomy Care: Products designed to meet customers' needs after going through an Ostomy surgery.
- Wound Therapeutics: Products designed to successfully address Human Skin Wounds.
- Continence Care: Products designed to successfully address Urinary Incontinence.
- Infusion Care: Products designed to subcutaneous infusion of painkillers.

Development in the year

Gross profit for 2024 is TDKK 17,799 compared to TDKK 19,664 in 2023.

EBIT amounts to TDKK 1,232 compared to 2023, where EBIT was TDKK 2,225. This EBIT is lower than the expected increase of 1,5%-2,5% expected at the end of 2023. The lower EBIT is due to releases of provisions in the prior year that are non-recurring in nature.

The income statement of the Company for 2024 shows a profit of TDKK 1,239 and at 31 December 2024 the balance sheet of the Company shows equity of TDKK 87,766.

Special risks - operating risks and financial risks

Operating risks

The main commercial risk of Convatec Denmark A/S relates to the ability of sustaining its strong market position. All products are developed and produced by the Convatec Group and Convatec seeks to be at the cutting edge when it comes to product development within our business areas and activities.

Foreign exchange risks

Convatec Denmark A/S has sales and purchase in DKK, and loan in EUR accordingly, the Company has limited exposed to changes in currency exchange rates. These financial risks are monitored and managed in close cooperation with the Parent, Convatec Group, which follows a low-risk policy.

Targets and expectations for the year ahead

Convatec will continue to have its strong market position in Denmark. No major tender position has changed or expected to be changed in 2025. EBIT for 2025 is expected to be in the range of 1.5 %– 2.5 % increase from 2024.

Data ethics

Convatec Denmark A/S strives to use data responsibly and sustainably. However, currently the company has decided not to develop and implement a specific policy regarding data ethics.

We consider that our current use of data in relation to our company and business does not have a character that implies data ethical issues. As such advanced data analysis e.g. "big data" analyses, use of AI or algorithms for automated decisions or other applications of data, which could imply significant consequences for society or population groups, is not currently an integrated part of our business strategy or activities

In this assessment, we have further emphasized that Convatec Denmark A/S besides the data protection law also complies with the health legislation including medical equipment, which outlines the ethical rules for how we perform our business activities. The use and application of data within our company and industry is constantly changing, and we will therefore continuously perform an assessment of the need to develop and implement a policy on data ethics.

Subsequent events

No events post the balance sheet date to report.

Income Statement 1 January - 31 December

Income Statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2024 TDKK	2023 TDKK
Gross profit		17 799	19 664
Staff expenses	1	-16 567	-17 439
Profit before financial income and expenses		1 232	2 225
Financial income	2	987	1 311
Financial expenses	3	-626	-3 216
Profit before tax		1 593	320
Tax on profit for the year	4	-354	118
Net profit for the year	7	1 239	438

Balance Sheet 31 December

Assets

	Note	2024	2023
		TDKK	TDKK
Fixed assets	5	22	0
Trade receivables		10 707	6 253
Joint taxation receivable		32	2 599
Receivables from group enterprises		86 875	181 311
Other receivables		1 385	3
Deferred tax asset		344	730
Prepayments		0	21
Receivables		99 344	190 918
Cash at bank and in hand		1 254	1 210
Currents assets		100 598	192 128
Assets		100 619	192 127

Balance Sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

	Note	2024	2023
		TDKK	TDKK
Share capital		500	500
Retained earnings		37 266	85 763
Proposed dividend for the year		50 000	42 000
Equity	6	87 766	128 263
Trade payables		564	826
Payables to group enterprises	9	3 289	52 612
Other payables		9 000	10 426
Short-term debt		12 853	63 864
Debt		12 853	63 864
Liabilities and equity		100 619	192 127

Statement of Changes in Equity

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend for the year	Total
	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Equity at 1 January 2024	500	85 763	42 000	128 263
Group contributions	0	263	0	263
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	-42 000	-42 000
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-48 760	50 000	1 239
Equity ay 31 December 2024	500	37 266	50 000	87 766

Notes to the Financial Statements

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
	TDKK	TDKK
1. Staff expenses		
Wages and salaries	15,086	15,710
Pensions	1,149	1,333
Other social security expenses	332	396
	<u>16,567</u>	<u>17,439</u>
Average number of employees	<u>14</u>	<u>17</u>

Remuneration to the Executive Board has not been disclosed in accordance with section 98 B(3) of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Convatec PLC has implemented different share-based compensation programs for the Company's Executive Board, other key management persons and other eligible employees. Share-based compensation programs are granted on a yearly basis over a fixed period. Share-based compensation programs entitle the Executive Board, other key management persons and other eligible employees to buy shares in the Convatec PLC per agreement at a pre-agreed price.

2. Financial Income

Interest Received from group enterprises	919	1,283
Other financial income	21	26
Exchange gain	47	1
	<u>987</u>	<u>1,310</u>

3. Financial Expenses

Interest paid to group enterprises	595	3 165
Exchange loss	31	51
	<u>626</u>	<u>3 216</u>

4. Tax on profit for the year

Current tax for the year	-32	-2 599
Deferred tax for the year	386	2 783
Adjustment of tax concerning previous years	0	-302
	<u>354</u>	<u>-118</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

5. Property, plant and equipment

	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment
	TDKK
Cost at 1 January	0
Additions for the year	22
Cost at 31 December	22
Depreciation at 1 January	0
Depreciation for the year	0
Depreciation at 31 December	0
Carrying amount at 31 December	22

6. Equity

The share capital consists of 500,000 shares of a nominal value of TDKK 1. No shares carry any special rights.

There have been no changes in the share capital during the last 5 years.

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Share capital at 1 January	500	500	500	500	500
Capital increase	0	0	0	0	0
Capital decrease	0	0	0	0	0
Share capital at 31 December	500	500	500	500	500

	2024	2023
	TDKK	TDKK

7. Distribution of profit

Retained earnings	-48 760	-41 562
Proposed dividend for the year	50 000	42 000
	1 240	438

8. Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

Rental and lease obligations

Lease obligations under operating leases. Total future lease payments:

Within 1 year	76	693
Between 1 and 5 years	0	107
	76	800

Other contingent liabilities

The Company is party to a national Danish joint taxation scheme with Convatec Denmark Holdings ApS as the management company. Consequently, the Company is jointly liable for corporation taxes for the jointly taxed companies. The Company is also jointly liable for any obligations to withhold tax at source on interest, royalties and dividends for the jointly taxed companies.

Notes to the Financial Statements

9. Related parties

Convatec Denmark A/S related parties comprises the following:

Controlling Interest:

Related parties with controlling interests is the company's parent Company:

Convatec Denmark Holdings ApS
Åholmvej 1, DK-4320 Lejre
Denmark

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Convatec Denmark Holdings ApS, a company incorporated in Denmark. Convatec Denmark Holdings ApS is the holding and finance company of the Convatec Group Holdings Limited owned by Convatec Group plc.

The Directors regard Convatec Group plc, a company incorporated in United Kingdom, as the ultimate parent undertaking an controlling party. Copies of the ultimate parent undertaking's group financial statements can be obtained from 7th Floor 20 Eastbourne Terrace, London W2 6LG, United Kingdom.

Convatec Denmark A/S is included in the consolidated financial statements for

Convatec Group plc

7th Floor 20 Eastbourne Terrace,
London, W2 6LG
United Kingdom

Transactions with related parties:

	2024 DKK'000	2023 DKK'000
Cost of goods from group companies	-22 519	-33 978
Receivables from group companies	86 875	181 311
Receivables from parent company	876	2 599
Payable to group companies	-3 289	52 612

10. Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of Convatec Denmark A/S for 2024 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to medium - sized enterprises of reporting class B, with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2024 are presented in TDKK.

Consolidated financial statements

With reference to section 112 of the Danish Financial Statements Act and to the consolidated financial statements of Convatec Group plc, the Company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Leases

All leases are considered operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are recognized in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognized in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognized directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognized in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

Share-based payments

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees etc. are measured at the fair value of the award on the grant date. The fair value of the awards at the date of the grant, which is estimated to be equal to the market value, is expensed in the income statement (staff expenses) over the vesting period, with appropriate adjustments being made during the period to reflect expected and actual forfeitures. A corresponding entry is recorded directly through equity (retained earnings).

Income Statement

Revenue

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when the risks and rewards relating to the goods sold have been transferred to the customer, the revenue can be measured reliably, and it is probable that the economic benefits relating to the sale will flow to the Company.

Revenue is measured at the consideration received and is recognized exclusive of VAT and net of discounts relating to sales.

Expenses for raw materials and consumables

Expenses for raw materials and consumables comprise the raw materials and consumables consumed to achieve revenue for the year.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for premises, sales and distribution as well as office expenses, etc.

Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, revenue has not been disclosed in the Annual Report.

Staff expenses

Staff expenses comprise wages and salaries as well as payroll expenses other than production wages included in "Other external expenses".

Depreciation

Depreciation comprises depreciation of property, plant and equipment.

Income from investments in subsidiaries

Dividends from subsidiaries are recognized as income in the income statement when adopted at the General Meeting of the subsidiary.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognized in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the loss for the year is recognized in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognized directly in equity.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The Company is jointly taxed with Danish group enterprises. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Balance Sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and less any accumulated impairment losses.

Cost comprises the cost of acquisition and expense directly related to the acquisition up until the time when the asset is ready for use.

Depreciation based on cost reduced by any residual value is calculated on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the assets, which are:

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Other fixtures and fittings etc 3 years

Depreciation period and residual value are reassessed annually.

The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment are reviewed on an annual basis to determine whether there is any indication of impairment other than that expressed by amortization and depreciation.

If so, the asset is written down to its lower recoverable amount.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost. Where cost exceeds the recoverable amount, write-down is made to this lower value.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortized cost and net realizable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognized in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognized in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortized cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

Financial Highlights

Explanation of financial ratios

Gross margin	$\frac{\text{Gross profit} \times 100}{\text{Revenue}}$
Profit margin	$\frac{\text{Profit before financials} \times 100}{\text{Revenue}}$
Return on assets	$\frac{\text{Profit before financials} \times 100}{\text{Total assets}}$
Solvency ratio	$\frac{\text{Equity at year end} \times 100}{\text{Total assets at year end}}$
Return on equity	$\frac{\text{Net profit for the year} \times 100}{\text{Average equity}}$