
MFT Energy 2 ApS

Margrethepladsen 4, 3., DK-8000 Aarhus C

Annual Report for 2024

CVR No. 39 73 96 23

The Annual Report was
presented and adopted
at the Annual General
Meeting of the
company
on 25/4 2025

Tore Høffner Andersen
Chairman of the
general meeting



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Management's statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of MFT Energy 2 ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2024 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2024.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Aarhus C, 8 April 2025

Executive Board

Cagdas Ozan Ates
CEO

Board of Directors

Cagdas Ozan Ates
Chairman

Simon Fisker Ratjhen

Bo Palmgren

Independent Auditor's report

To the shareholder of MFT Energy 2 ApS

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2024 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of MFT Energy 2 ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent Auditor's report

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Trekantområdet, 8 April 2025

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No 33 77 12 31

Lasse Berg

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne35811

Jesper Simmelkjær Berg

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne51511

Company information

The Company	MFT Energy 2 ApS Margrethepladsen 4, 3. DK-8000 Aarhus C CVR No: 39 73 96 23 Financial period: 1 January - 31 December Municipality of reg. office: Aarhus
Board of Directors	Cagdas Ozan Ates, chairman Simon Fisker Ratjhen Bo Palmgren
Executive Board	Cagdas Ozan Ates
Auditors	PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Herredsvej 32 DK-7100 Vejle

Management's review

Key activities

The principal activity of the company is trading with commodities on behalf of other entities.

Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2024 shows a profit of TEUR 7,401, and at 31 December 2024 the balance sheet of the Company shows a positive equity of TEUR 18,179.

Subsequent events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.

Income statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2024 TEUR	2023 TEUR
Gross profit		10,507	4,591
Staff expenses	1	-1,300	-383
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses		9,207	4,208
Financial income	2	299	385
Financial expenses	3	-16	-455
Profit/loss before tax		9,490	4,138
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	-2,089	-947
Net profit/loss for the year		7,401	3,191

Distribution of profit

	2024 TEUR	2023 TEUR
Proposed distribution of profit		
Extraordinary dividend paid	4,000	6,000
Retained earnings	3,401	-2,809
	7,401	3,191

Balance sheet 31 December

Assets

	Note	2024	2023
		TEUR	TEUR
Receivables from group enterprises		19,927	15,835
Fixed asset investments		19,927	15,835
Fixed assets		19,927	15,835
Other receivables		3	2
Receivables		3	2
Cash at bank and in hand		4	6
Current assets		7	8
Assets		19,934	15,843

Balance sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

	Note	2024	2023
		TEUR	TEUR
Share capital		7	7
Retained earnings		18,172	14,771
Equity		18,179	14,778
Trade payables		3	1
Corporation tax		905	947
Other payables		847	117
Short-term debt		1,755	1,065
Debt		1,755	1,065
Liabilities and equity		19,934	15,843
Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations	6		
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Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
	TEUR	TEUR	TEUR
Equity at 1 January	7	14,771	14,778
Extraordinary dividend paid	0	-4,000	-4,000
Net profit/loss for the year	0	7,401	7,401
Equity at 31 December	7	18,172	18,179

Notes to the Financial Statements

	2024	2023
	TEUR	TEUR
1. Staff expenses		
Wages and salaries	1,286	372
Pensions	9	7
Other social security expenses	5	4
	1,300	383
 Average number of employees	 5	 4
	2024	2023
	TEUR	TEUR
2. Financial income		
Interest received from group enterprises	299	385
	299	385
	2024	2023
	TEUR	TEUR
3. Financial expenses		
Interest paid to group enterprises	9	288
Other financial expenses	7	167
	16	455
	2024	2023
	TEUR	TEUR
4. Income tax expense		
Current tax for the year	2,089	947
	2,089	947

Notes to the Financial Statements

2024

2023

TEUR

TEUR

5. Derivative financial instruments

The company enters into a number of derivative contracts related to commodities. As of 31 December 2024, some contracts are still open, awaiting the delivery date. These contracts are fair value adjusted on a daily basis, but due to an internal allocation agreement, the change in fair value is settled by the end of 31 December 2024. Therefore, no value is recognized on the balance sheet.

The derivative contracts have an open volume of 325 MWh and the latest delivery period is December 2025. The fair value is recognized as EUR 0.

6. Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

The group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. The total amount of corporation tax payable is disclosed in the Annual Report of MFT Energy Holding ApS, which is the management company of the joint taxation purposes. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.

The group companies are jointly and severally liable for VAT on the joint registration of VAT. MFT Energy A/S is the management company of the joint VAT purposes.

7. Related parties and disclosure of consolidated financial statements

Consolidated Financial Statements

The company is included in the consolidated financial statement of the following:

Name	Place of registered office
MFT Energy Holding ApS	Margrethepladsen 4, 3. 8000 Aarhus C
MFT Energy A/S	Margrethepladsen 4, 3. 8000 Aarhus C

Notes to the Financial Statements

8. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of MFT Energy 2 ApS for 2024 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2024 are presented in TEUR.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognised in the balance sheet at cost and are subsequently remeasured at their fair values. Positive and negative fair values of derivative financial instruments are classified as "Other receivables" and "Other payables", respectively.

Changes in the fair values of derivative financial instruments are recognised in the income statement unless the derivative financial instrument is designated and qualify as hedge accounting.

Income statement

Revenue

Revenue from the sale of commodities on behalf of entities is recognised in the income statement if delivery and passing of risk on the underlying commodity to the buyer has taken place before the end of the year and if the income can be determined reliably and inflow is anticipated. Recognition of revenue is exclusive of VAT and taxes and less any discounts relating directly to sales.

Expenses for raw materials and consumables

Expenses for raw materials and consumables comprise the raw materials and consumables consumed to achieve revenue for the year.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for premises, sales as well as office expenses, etc.

Gross profit

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of revenue, expenses for raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Staff expenses

Staff expenses comprise wages and salaries as well as payroll expenses.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with Danish group companies. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Balance sheet

Other fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments consist of loans to group enterprises.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Equity

Dividend

Dividend distribution proposed by Management for the year is disclosed as a separate equity item.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial liabilities

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.