

# Tabular Editor ApS

Sundkaj 125, 2150 Nordhavn

CVR no. 42 29 75 50

## Annual report 2024

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 24 April 2025

Chair of the meeting:

.....  
Søren Toft Joensen

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## Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of Tabular Editor ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2024 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 24 April 2025  
Executive Board:

.....  
Søren Johannsen Joensen

Board of Directors:

.....  
Philip Lykke Christensen  
Chairman

.....  
Daniel Sterndorff Otykier

.....  
Martin Peder Tang

.....  
Lars Engell Berthelsen

.....  
Katrine Sundgaard  
Christensen

## Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Tabular Editor ApS

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Tabular Editor ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2024 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ▶ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- ▶ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

## Independent auditor's report

- ▶ Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- ▶ Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- ▶ Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 24 April 2025  
EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab  
CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Søren Smedegaard Hvid  
State Authorised Public Accountant  
mne31450

## Management's review

### Company details

Name Tabular Editor ApS  
Address, Postal code, City Sundkaj 125, 2150 Nordhavn

CVR no. 42 29 75 50  
Established 12 April 2021  
Registered office København  
Financial year 1 January - 31 December

Board of Directors Philip Lykke Christensen, Chairman  
Daniel Sterndorff Otykier  
Martin Peder Tang  
Lars Engell Berthelsen  
Katrine Sundgaard Christensen

Executive Board Søren Johannsen Joensen

Auditors EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab  
Dirch Passers Allé 36, P.O. Box 250, 2000 Frederiksberg,  
Denmark

## Management's review

### Business review

At Tabular Editor, we deliver a productivity tool to professional developers working with Microsoft Fabric or Power BI Datasets and Tabular models – now called semantic models. In 2024 we continued the professionalization of the organization and delivers software to several customers would wide.

More information about Tabular Editor is available at [www.tabulareditor.com](http://www.tabulareditor.com)

### Financial review

The income statement for 2024 shows a profit of DKK 11,031 thousand against a profit of DKK 4,973 thousand last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2024 shows equity of DKK 22,587 thousand.

### Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Income statement

| Note | DKK'000                                                       | 2024   | 2023   |
|------|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|
|      | Gross profit                                                  | 21,639 | 8,245  |
| 2    | Staff costs                                                   | -7,354 | 0      |
|      | Amortisation/depreciation and impairment of intangible assets | -1,508 | -1,508 |
|      | Profit before net financials                                  | 12,777 | 6,737  |
| 3    | Financial income                                              | 2,189  | 841    |
| 4    | Financial expenses                                            | -819   | -1,152 |
|      | Profit before tax                                             | 14,147 | 6,426  |
| 5    | Tax for the year                                              | -3,116 | -1,453 |
|      | Profit for the year                                           | 11,031 | 4,973  |
|      | Recommended appropriation of profit                           | 11,031 | 4,973  |
|      | Retained earnings                                             | 11,031 | 4,973  |

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Balance sheet

| Note | DKK'000                                          | 2024   | 2023   |
|------|--------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|
|      | ASSETS                                           |        |        |
|      | Fixed assets                                     |        |        |
| 6    | Intangible assets                                |        |        |
|      | Completed development projects                   | 2,125  | 3,625  |
|      |                                                  | 2,125  | 3,625  |
| 7    | Property, plant and equipment                    |        |        |
|      | Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment | 8      | 16     |
|      |                                                  | 8      | 16     |
|      | Total fixed assets                               | 2,133  | 3,641  |
|      | Non-fixed assets                                 |        |        |
|      | Receivables                                      |        |        |
|      | Trade receivables                                | 1,622  | 2,184  |
| 8    | Receivables from group entities                  | 38,012 | 18,870 |
|      | Other receivables                                | 0      | 2,521  |
|      | Prepayments                                      | 561    | 264    |
|      |                                                  | 40,195 | 23,839 |
|      | Cash                                             | 1,440  | 24     |
|      | Total non-fixed assets                           | 41,635 | 23,863 |
|      | TOTAL ASSETS                                     | 43,768 | 27,504 |

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Balance sheet

| Note | DKK'000                                   | 2024   | 2023   |
|------|-------------------------------------------|--------|--------|
|      | EQUITY AND LIABILITIES                    |        |        |
|      | Equity                                    |        |        |
|      | Share capital                             | 100    | 100    |
|      | Reserve for development costs             | 1,658  | 2,828  |
|      | Retained earnings                         | 20,829 | 8,628  |
|      | Total equity                              | 22,587 | 11,556 |
|      | Provisions                                |        |        |
|      | Deferred tax                              | 466    | 797    |
|      | Total provisions                          | 466    | 797    |
|      | Liabilities other than provisions         |        |        |
|      | Current liabilities other than provisions |        |        |
|      | Prepayments received from customers       | 13,772 | 11,450 |
|      | Trade payables                            | 95     | 105    |
|      | Payables to group entities                | 2,083  | 1,797  |
|      | Corporation tax payable                   | 3,447  | 1,783  |
|      | Other payables                            | 1,318  | 16     |
|      |                                           | 20,715 | 15,151 |
|      | Total liabilities other than provisions   | 20,715 | 15,151 |
|      | TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES              | 43,768 | 27,504 |

- 1 Accounting policies
- 2 Staff costs
- 9 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.
- 10 Security and collateral
- 11 Related parties

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Statement of changes in equity

DKK'000

Equity at 1 January 2023  
Transfer through appropriation of profit  
Depreciation in the year  
Tax on items recognised directly in equity  
  
Equity at 1 January 2024  
Transfer through appropriation of profit  
Depreciation in the year  
Tax on items recognised directly in equity  
  
Equity at 31 December 2024

| Share capital | Reserve for<br>development<br>costs | Retained<br>earnings | Total  |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|--------|
| 100           | 3,998                               | 2,485                | 6,583  |
| 0             | 0                                   | 4,973                | 4,973  |
| 0             | -1,500                              | 1,500                | 0      |
| 0             | 330                                 | -330                 | 0      |
| 100           | 2,828                               | 8,628                | 11,556 |
| 0             | 0                                   | 11,031               | 11,031 |
| 0             | -1,500                              | 1,500                | 0      |
| 0             | 330                                 | -330                 | 0      |
| 100           | 1,658                               | 20,829               | 22,587 |

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Tabular Editor ApS for 2024 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

#### Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK'000).

#### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the most recent financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

#### Income statement

##### Revenue

The Company has chosen IAS 11/IAS 18 as interpretation for revenue recognition.

Income from the rendering of services is recognised as revenue as the services are rendered. Accordingly, revenue corresponds to the market value of the services rendered during the year (percentage-of-completion method).

Revenue from time limited software licences is accrued and recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the licence according to the terms of the licence agreement.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration excluding VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties. All discounts and rebates granted are recognised in revenue.

##### Gross profit

The items revenue, cost of sales and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross profit in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

##### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

##### Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pension to the Company's employees, as well as other social security contributions, etc. The item is net of refunds from public authorities.

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

##### Amortisation/depreciation

The item comprises amortisation/depreciation of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

The basis of amortisation/depreciation, which is calculated as cost less any residual value, is amortised/depreciated on a straight line basis over the expected useful life. The expected useful lives of the assets are as follows:

|                                                  |         |
|--------------------------------------------------|---------|
| Completed development projects                   | 5 years |
| Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment | 3 years |

##### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial reporting period. The items comprise interest income and expenses, e.g. from group entities, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses relating to other securities and investments and exchange gains.

##### Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

The entity is jointly taxed with other group entities. The total Danish income tax charge is allocated between profit/loss-making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income (full absorption).

Jointly taxed entities entitled to a tax refund are reimbursed by the management company based on the rates applicable to interest allowances, and jointly taxed entities which have paid too little tax pay a surcharge according to the rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

##### Balance sheet

##### Intangible assets

Development costs comprise expenses, salaries and amortisation directly or indirectly attributable to development activities.

Development projects that are clearly defined and identifiable, where the technical feasibility, sufficient resources and a potential future market or development opportunities are identifiable and where the Company intends to produce, market or use the project, are recognised as intangible assets provided that the cost can be measured reliably and that there is sufficient assurance that future earnings can cover production costs, selling costs and administrative expenses and development costs. Other development costs are recognised in the income statement as incurred.

Development costs that are recognised in the balance sheet are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

On completion of a development project, development costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life. The amortisation period is usually 5 years.

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

##### Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes the acquisition price and costs directly related to the acquisition until the time at which the asset is ready for use.

##### Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment and investments in subsidiaries and associates is assessed for impairment on an annual basis.

Impairment tests are conducted on assets or groups of assets when there is evidence of impairment. The carrying amount of impaired assets is reduced to the higher of the net selling price and the value in use (recoverable amount).

The recoverable amount is the higher of the net selling price of an asset and its value in use. The value in use is calculated as the present value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets and the expected net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or the group of assets after the end of the useful life.

Previously recognised impairment losses are reversed when the reason for recognition no longer exists.

##### Receivables

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment write-down of financial receivables.

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Receivables in respect of which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for objective evidence of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit ratings in line with the Company's risk management policy. The objective evidence applied to portfolios is determined based on historical loss experience.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

##### Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under "Assets" comprise prepaid expenses regarding subsequent financial reporting years.

##### Cash

Given the nature of the Group's cash pool arrangement, cash pool balances are not considered cash, but are recognised under "Receivables from group entities".

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

##### Equity

##### *Reserve for development costs*

The reserve for development costs comprises recognised development costs. The reserve cannot be used to distribute dividend or cover losses. The reserve will be reduced or dissolved if the recognised development costs are amortised or are no longer part of the Company's operations by a transfer directly to the distributable reserves under equity.

##### Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is not deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where temporary differences, apart from business combinations, arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss for the year or taxable income. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on Management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

##### Other payables

Other payables are measured at net realisable value.

##### Prepayments received from customers

Prepayments received from customers consist of prepaid sales relating to the services provided by the company.

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Notes to the financial statements

| DKK'000                                                | 2024         | 2023                                 |
|--------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|
| 2 Staff costs                                          |              |                                      |
| Wages/salaries                                         | 6,965        | 0                                    |
| Pensions                                               | 314          | 0                                    |
| Other social security costs                            | 26           | 0                                    |
| Other staff costs                                      | 49           | 0                                    |
|                                                        | <u>7,354</u> | <u>0</u>                             |
| Average number of full-time employees                  | <u>5</u>     | <u>0</u>                             |
| 3 Financial income                                     |              |                                      |
| Interest receivable, group entities                    | 1,240        | 559                                  |
| Exchange adjustments                                   | 934          | 282                                  |
| Other financial income                                 | 15           | 0                                    |
|                                                        | <u>2,189</u> | <u>841</u>                           |
| 4 Financial expenses                                   |              |                                      |
| Exchange adjustments                                   | 819          | 1,143                                |
| Other financial expenses                               | 0            | 9                                    |
|                                                        | <u>819</u>   | <u>1,152</u>                         |
| 5 Tax for the year                                     |              |                                      |
| Estimated tax charge for the year                      | 3,447        | 1,783                                |
| Deferred tax adjustments in the year                   | -331         | -330                                 |
|                                                        | <u>3,116</u> | <u>1,453</u>                         |
| 6 Intangible assets                                    |              |                                      |
| DKK'000                                                |              | Completed<br>development<br>projects |
| Cost at 1 January 2024                                 |              | <u>7,500</u>                         |
| Cost at 31 December 2024                               |              | <u>7,500</u>                         |
| Impairment losses and amortisation at 1 January 2024   |              | 3,875                                |
| Amortisation for the year                              |              | <u>1,500</u>                         |
| Impairment losses and amortisation at 31 December 2024 |              | <u>5,375</u>                         |
| Carrying amount at 31 December 2024                    |              | <u>2,125</u>                         |
| Amortised over                                         |              | <u>5 years</u>                       |

Development projects comprise of development cost for new technology and products. The recognition of the development projects has been made on the basis of the sales forecast which are to be realised. Management expect significant growth and sales within few years. Management has not indicated further need for impairment.

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Notes to the financial statements

#### 7 Property, plant and equipment

| DKK'000                                                | Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment |
|--------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Cost at 1 January 2024                                 | 24                                               |
| Cost at 31 December 2024                               | 24                                               |
| Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January 2024   | 8                                                |
| Depreciation                                           | 8                                                |
| Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December 2024 | 16                                               |
| Carrying amount at 31 December 2024                    | 8                                                |
| Depreciated over                                       | 3 years                                          |

Note 10 provides more details on security for loans, etc. as regards property, plant and equipment.

#### 8 Receivables from group entities

The Twoday Group has a cash pool agreement, under which the parent company, Twoday Holding Denmark ApS, is the holder of the agreement, while other group companies are sub-account holders. The bank can settle drafts and deposits with each other, so the net amount constitutes a balance between the bank and Twoday Holding Denmark ApS. For Tabular Editor ApS' intercompany balances, 38 million DKK are included in the joint cash pool agreement.

#### 9 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

The Company is jointly taxed with its parent, Twoday Holding Denmark ApS, which acts as management company, and is jointly and severally liable with other jointly taxed group entities for payment of income taxes for the income year 2022 onwards as well as withholding taxes on interest, royalties and dividends.

#### 10 Security and collateral

The Company has not provided any security or other collateral in assets at 31 December 2024.

#### 11 Related parties

##### Information about consolidated financial statements

| Parent                     | Domicile            | Requisitioning of the parent company's consolidated financial statements |
|----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Twoday Holding Denmark ApS | Copenhagen, Denmark | www.cvr.dk                                                               |

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| <div>Mit </div> <div><div>Philip Lykke Christensen</div><div>316d0d7a-52c6-4ec9-9beb-5c0d670d70e5</div><div>2025-04-24 12:26:07Z</div></div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

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|                                                              |                                                                          |
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| Annual report Tabular Editor 2024- 24.04.2025.pdf            | SHA256: e01fecf183479abcaed35095de02cd766539c8897d90fef6e63f9a9e3954f3f5 |
| Statusprotokol 2024 - Tabular Editor.pdf                     | SHA256: 6e34abb2eda3feb478c923069c26c014f00647180502660b32897cfe60e24b4d |
| Tax Schedules Tabular Editor 2024 - 24.04.2025.pdf           | SHA256: 49438254877eef08ae108a9c1294a3fecb550708b42f0a2ce596d077a2a1bf0  |
| Representation letter 2024 - Tabular editor - 24.04.2025.pdf | SHA256: 3637ef404834085a8440318bb1842327fc33dfef0a2c21d070ef7df80a634c03 |

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