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AGRODAN ApS
Ramskovvej 11
7550 Sørvad
Business Registration No
42302228

**Annual report 01.04.2017
- 31.03.2018**

Godkendt på selskabets generalforsamling, den 10.04.2018

Dirigent



Name: Michael Seiffert

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Entity details

Entity

AGRODAN ApS
Ramskovvej 11
7550 Sørvad

Central Business Registration No (CVR): 42302228

Registered in: Herning

Financial year: 01.04.2017 - 31.03.2018

Executive Board

Mandar Jayant Kadam
Trevor John Holland

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
City Tower, Værkmestergade 2
8000 Aarhus C

Statement by Management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of AGRODAN ApS for the financial year 01.04.2017 - 31.03.2018.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.03.2018 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.04.2017 - 31.03.2018.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Sørvard, 10.04.2018

Executive Board



Mandar Jayant Kadam



Trevor John Holland

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of AGRODAN ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of AGRODAN ApS for the financial year 01.04.2017 - 31.03.2018, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.03.2018 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.04.2017 - 31.03.2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Independent auditor's report

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Independent auditor's report

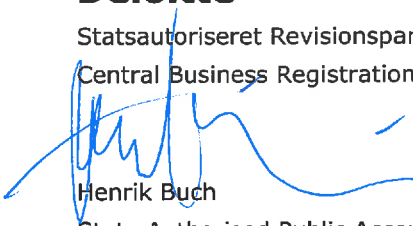
Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Aarhus, 10.04.2018

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Central Business Registration No (CVR) 33963556



Henrik Buch

State Authorised Public Accountant

Identification No (MNE) mne19714

Management commentary

Primary activities

The primary activity of the Company is to hold rights to certain products and patents. The Company's revenue consists of royalty income.

Development in activities and finances

Management considers the profit for the year of DKK 355k satisfactory.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2017/18

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2017/18 DKK</u>	<u>2016/17 DKK</u>
Gross profit		3.004	8.880
Administrative expenses		-47.860	-44.984
Operating profit/loss		-44.856	-36.104
Other financial income from group enterprises		537.330	600.666
Other financial expenses	1	-36.722	-8.424
Profit/loss before tax		455.752	556.138
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	-100.307	-122.350
Profit/loss for the year		355.445	433.788
Proposed distribution of profit/loss			
Ordinary dividend for the financial year		4.500.000	4.500.000
Retained earnings		-4.144.555	-4.066.212
		355.445	433.788

Balance sheet at 31.03.2018

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2017/18</u> <u>DKK</u>	<u>2016/17</u> <u>DKK</u>
Acquired licences		0	0
Intangible assets		0	0
 Fixed assets		 0	 0
Receivables from group enterprises		6.852.529	11.241.777
Income tax receivable		93.693	0
Receivables		6.946.222	11.241.777
 Cash		 287.426	 291.476
 Current assets		 7.233.648	 11.533.253
 Assets		 7.233.648	 11.533.253

Balance sheet at 31.03.2018

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2017/18</u> <u>DKK</u>	<u>2016/17</u> <u>DKK</u>
Contributed capital		2.500.000	2.500.000
Retained earnings		189.608	4.334.163
Proposed dividend		4.500.000	4.500.000
Equity		<u>7.189.608</u>	<u>11.334.163</u>
Income tax payable		0	155.049
Other payables		44.040	44.041
Current liabilities other than provisions		<u>44.040</u>	<u>199.090</u>
Liabilities other than provisions		<u>44.040</u>	<u>199.090</u>
Equity and liabilities		<u>7.233.648</u>	<u>11.533.253</u>

Group relations

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Statement of changes in equity for 2017/18

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Proposed dividend DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	2.500.000	4.334.163	4.500.000	11.334.163
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	-4.500.000	-4.500.000
Profit/loss for the year	0	-4.144.555	4.500.000	355.445
Equity end of year	2.500.000	189.608	4.500.000	7.189.608

Notes

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	2017/18	2016/17
	DKK	DKK
1. Other financial expenses		
Other interest expenses	4.051	8.424
Other financial expenses	<u>32.671</u>	<u>0</u>
	<u>36.722</u>	<u>8.424</u>

	2017/18	2016/17
	DKK	DKK
2. Tax on profit/loss for the year		
Current tax	<u>100.307</u>	<u>122.350</u>
	<u>100.307</u>	<u>122.350</u>

3. Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the largest group:

UPL Ltd., Mumbai, India

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group:

UPL Ltd., Mumbai, India

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue and external expenses.

Revenue

Revenue consists of royalty from patent rights. Royalty calculation is made on the basis of actual sales of the products attributable to the registrations.

Administrative costs

Administrative costs comprise expenses incurred for the Entity's administrative functions, including depreciation and impairment losses relating to intangible assets.

Other financial income from group enterprises

Other financial income from group enterprises comprises interest income etc on receivables from group enterprises.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses and fees etc.

Accounting policies

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Intellectual property rights etc

Intellectual property rights etc comprise acquired intellectual property rights.

Intellectual property rights acquired are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation. Patents are amortised over their remaining duration, and licences are amortised over the term of the agreement, but over no more than 20 years.

Intellectual property rights etc are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Income tax payable or receivable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Dividend

Dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. Proposed dividend for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity. Extraordinary dividend adopted in the financial year is recognised directly in equity when distributed and disclosed as a separate item in Management's proposal for distribution of profit/loss.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.