

KC Tex Denmark ApS

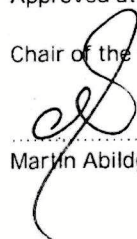
Hospitalsgade 10, 8900 Randers C

CVR no. 32 29 15 97

Annual report 2023/24

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 15 January 2025

Chair of the meeting:



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Martin Abildgård Jensen

Contents

Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board	2
Independent auditor's report	3
Management's review	5
Financial statements 1 July 2023 - 30 June 2024	7
Income statement	7
Balance sheet	8
Statement of changes in equity	9
Notes to the financial statements	10

Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of KC Tex Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 July 2023 - 30 June 2024.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 30 June 2024 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 July 2023 - 30 June 2024.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Randers, 15 January 2025
Executive Board:



Martin Abildgård Jensen

Board of Directors:

Ramesh Parasuraman
Chairman

Ganesh Sethuraman

Uffe Hjorth

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of KC Tex Denmark ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of KC Tex Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 July 2023 - 30 June 2024, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 30 June 2024 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 July 2023 - 30 June 2024 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the international Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Independent auditor's report

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.

Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

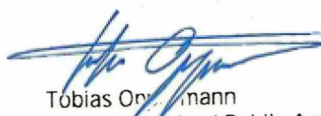
In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Aarhus, 15 January 2025
EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR no 30 70 02 28


Henrik Pungvig Jensen
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne24825


Tobias Ormann
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne46362

Management's review

Company details

Name	KC Tex Denmark ApS
Address, Postal code, City	Hospitalsgade 10, 8900 Randers C

CVR no.	32 29 15 97
Established	20 July 2009
Registered office	Randers
Financial year	1 July 2023 - 30 June 2024

Board of Directors	Ramesh Parasuraman, Chairman Ganesh Sethuraman Uffe Hjorth
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Executive Board	Martin Abildgård Jensen
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Auditors	EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Værkmestergade 25, P.O. Box 330, 8100 Aarhus C, Denmark
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Management's review

Business review

The Company's main activity is in trade with textile including yarn.

Financial review

The income statement for 2023/24 shows a profit of DKK 39 thousand against a profit of DKK 50 thousand last year, and the balance sheet at 30 June 2024 shows equity of DKK 3,622 thousand.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.

Financial statements 1 July 2023 - 30 June 2024

Income statement

Note	DKK	2023/24	2022/23
	Gross profit	75,877	69,312
	Financial expenses	-25,640	-5,264
	Profit before tax	50,237	64,048
3	Tax for the year	-11,110	-14,102
	Profit for the year	39,127	49,946
	Recommended appropriation of profit	39,127	49,946
	Retained earnings	39,127	49,946

Financial statements 1 July 2023 - 30 June 2024

Balance sheet

Note	DKK	2023/24	2022/23
	ASSETS		
	Non-fixed assets		
	Inventories		
	Raw materials and consumables	5,625,467	7,031,833
		<u>5,625,467</u>	<u>7,031,833</u>
	Receivables		
	Trade receivables	2,751,336	2,324,511
	Income taxes receivable	0	4,632
	Other receivables	2,865	0
	Deferred income	36,940	41,915
		<u>2,791,141</u>	<u>2,371,058</u>
	Cash	883,340	505,780
	Total non-fixed assets	<u>9,299,948</u>	<u>9,908,671</u>
	TOTAL ASSETS	<u>9,299,948</u>	<u>9,908,671</u>
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
	Equity		
	Share capital	125,000	125,000
	Retained earnings	3,497,100	3,457,973
	Total equity	<u>3,622,100</u>	<u>3,582,973</u>
	Liabilities other than provisions		
4	Non-current liabilities other than provisions		
	Income taxes payable	7,110	11,102
		<u>7,110</u>	<u>11,102</u>
	Current liabilities other than provisions		
	Trade payables	374,176	1,163,125
	Payables to group entities	4,799,358	4,984,886
	Income taxes payable	11,110	0
	Other payables	486,094	166,585
		<u>5,670,738</u>	<u>6,314,596</u>
	Total liabilities other than provisions	<u>5,677,848</u>	<u>6,325,698</u>
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	<u>9,299,948</u>	<u>9,908,671</u>

- 1 Accounting policies
- 2 Staff costs
- 5 Security and collateral
- 6 Related parties

Financial statements 1 July 2023 - 30 June 2024

Statement of changes in equity

DKK	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 July 2023	125,000	3,457,973	3,582,973
Transfer through appropriation of profit	0	39,127	39,127
Equity at 30 June 2024	125,000	3,497,100	3,622,100

Financial statements 1 July 2023 - 30 June 2024

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of KC Tex Denmark ApS for 2023/24 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the most recent financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement

Revenue

The Company has chosen IAS 11/IAS 18 as interpretation for revenue recognition.

Income from the sale of goods for resale and finished goods is recognised in revenue when transfer of the most significant rewards and risks to the buyer has taken place and provided that the income can be reliably measured and payment is expected to be received. The date of the transfer of the most significant rewards and risks is based on standardised terms of delivery based on Incoterms® 2010.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration excluding VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties. All discounts and rebates granted are recognised in revenue.

Gross profit

The items revenue, change in inventories of finished goods and work in progress, other operating income and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross profit in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Other operating income

Other operating income comprise items of a secondary nature relative to the Company's core activities, including gains on the sale of fixed assets.

Change in inventories of finished goods and work in progress

Changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress comprise reduction or increase of inventories due to cost of raw materials and consumables as well as staff costs, but does not include changes in inventories of raw materials or prepayments for goods.

Financial statements 1 July 2023 - 30 June 2024

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Raw materials and consumables

Raw materials and consumables include expenses relating to raw materials and consumables used in generating the year's revenue.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales includes the cost of goods used in generating the year's revenue.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Financial expenses

Financial expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest expenses as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

Balance sheet

Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost in accordance with the FIFO method. Where the net realisable value is lower than cost, inventories are written down to this lower value. The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the sales amount less costs of completion and expenses required to effect the sale and is determined taking into account marketability, obsolescence and development in the expected selling price.

The cost of raw materials and consumables comprises the cost of acquisition plus delivery costs.

Goods for resale are measured at cost, which comprises the cost of acquisition plus delivery costs as well as other expenses directly attributable to the acquisition.

Receivables

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment write-down of financial receivables.

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Receivables in respect of which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for objective evidence of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit ratings in line with the Company's risk management policy. The objective evidence applied to portfolios is determined based on historical loss experience.

Financial statements 1 July 2023 - 30 June 2024

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under "Assets" comprise prepaid expenses regarding subsequent financial reporting years.

Cash

Cash include cash and cash equivalents.

Equity

Proposed dividends

Dividend proposed for the year is recognised as a liability once adopted at the annual general meeting (declaration date). Dividends expected to be distributed for the financial year are presented as a separate item under "Equity".

Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is not deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where temporary differences, apart from business combinations, arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss for the year or taxable income. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on Management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

Liabilities

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for liabilities.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

2 Staff costs

The Company has no employees.

Financial statements 1 July 2023 - 30 June 2024

Notes to the financial statements

	DKK	2023/24	2022/23
3	Tax for the year	11,110	14,102
	Estimated tax charge for the year	11,110	14,102

4 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

Of the long-term liabilities, DKK 0 falls due for payment after more than 5 years after the balance sheet date.

5 Security and collateral

The Company has not provided any security or other collateral in assets at 30 June 2024.

6 Related parties

Information about consolidated financial statements

Parent	Domicile
KC Tex International	Singapore

Ownership

The following shareholders are registered in the Company's register of shareholders as holding minimum 5% of the share capital:

Name	Domicile
KC Tex International	Singapore