
HF (Denmark) A/S

c/o Hempel A/S, Lundtoftegårdsvej 91, DK-2800 Kongens
Lyngby

Annual Report for 2024

CVR No. 42 90 82 82

The Annual Report was
presented and adopted
at the Annual General
Meeting of the
company
on 30/6 2025

Sara Bennicke
Vollmond
Chairman of the
general meeting



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Management's statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of HF (Denmark) A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2024 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2024.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Kongens Lyngby, 30 June 2025

Executive Board

Svetlana Pereverzeva

Board of Directors

Peter Gormsen
Chairman

Svetlana Pereverzeva

Tanja Bramwell Kobbarnagel

Independent Auditor's report

To the shareholders of HF (Denmark) A/S

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2024 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of HF (Denmark) A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent Auditor's report

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 30 June 2025

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No 33 77 12 31

Kristian Pedersen
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne35412

André Nielsen
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne46624

Company information

The Company	HF (Denmark) A/S c/o Hempel A/S Lundtoftegårdsvej 91 DK-2800 Kongens Lyngby CVR No: 42 90 82 82 Financial period: 1 January - 31 December Incorporated: 16 December 2021 Financial year: 3rd financial year Municipality of reg. office: Lyngby-Taarbæk
Board of Directors	Peter Gormsen, chairman Svetlana Pereverzeva Tanja Bramwell Kobbarnagel
Executive Board	Svetlana Pereverzeva
Auditors	PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Strandvejen 44 DK-2900 Hellerup

Management's review

Key activities

The company acts as a financing company within the Hempel Group and other business in natural connection with this.

Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2024 shows a profit of TDKK 310,102, and at 31 December 2024 the balance sheet of the Company shows a positive equity of TDKK 3,522,852.

Subsequent events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.

Income statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2024	2023
		TDKK	TDKK
Gross loss		-42	-31
Financial income	2	398,758	294,230
Financial expenses	3	-1,150	-44
Profit/loss before tax		397,566	294,155
Tax on profit/loss for the year		-87,464	-64,724
Net profit/loss for the year		310,102	229,431

Distribution of profit

	2024	2023
	TDKK	TDKK
Proposed distribution of profit		
Retained earnings	310,102	229,431
	310,102	229,431

Balance sheet 31 December

Assets

	Note	2024	2023
		TDKK	TDKK
Receivables from group enterprises	4	3,584,395	3,251,613
Fixed asset investments		3,584,395	3,251,613
Fixed assets		3,584,395	3,251,613
Deferred tax asset		0	25,564
Receivables		0	25,564
Cash at bank and in hand		400	400
Current assets		400	25,964
Assets		3,584,795	3,277,577

Balance sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

	Note	2024	2023
		TDKK	TDKK
Share capital		401	401
Retained earnings		3,522,451	3,212,349
Equity		3,522,852	3,212,750
Provision for deferred tax		6,166	0
Provisions		6,166	0
Payables to group enterprises		0	14,617
Corporation tax		55,734	50,209
Other payables		43	1
Short-term debt		55,777	64,827
Debt		55,777	64,827
Liabilities and equity		3,584,795	3,277,577
Staff	1		
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Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Equity at 1 January	401	3,212,349	3,212,750
Net profit/loss for the year	0	310,102	310,102
Equity at 31 December	401	3,522,451	3,522,852

Notes to the Financial Statements

	2024	2023
1. Staff		
Average number of employees	0	0
	2024	2023
	TDKK	TDKK
2. Financial income		
Interest from group enterprises	254,530	228,250
Other financial income	0	1
Exchange adjustments	144,228	65,979
	398,758	294,230
	2024	2023
	TDKK	TDKK
3. Financial expenses		
Other financial expenses	1,150	44
	1,150	44
4. Other fixed asset investments		
		Receivables from group enterprises
		TDKK
Cost at 1 January		3,251,613
Exchange adjustment		144,228
Additions for the year		254,530
Disposals for the year		-65,976
Cost at 31 December		3,584,395
Carrying amount at 31 December		3,584,395

The disposals for the year line presented by the prior year joint taxation settlement.

Notes to the Financial Statements

5. Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

Other contingent liabilities

The company is included in the joint taxation circle, where Hempel Invest A/S is appointed as the administration company. The company is also jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes in the form of dividend tax, royalty tax and interest tax. Any subsequent corrections to corporation tax and withholding tax may result in the group's liability amounting to a larger amount.

6. Related parties and disclosure of consolidated financial statements

Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company is included in the Group Annual Report of the Parent Company of the largest and smallest group:

Name	Place of registered office
Hempel A/S	Lundtoftegårdsvej 91 2800 Kongens Lyngby
Hempel Foundation	Amaliegade 8 1256 København

Notes to the Financial Statements

7. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of HF (Denmark) A/S for 2024 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2024 are presented in TDKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Danish kroner is used as the presentation currency. All other currencies are regarded as foreign currencies.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Gains and losses arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise administrative expenses, etc.

Gross loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss comprises of other external expenses.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with Hempel Invest A/S. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Balance sheet

Other fixed asset investments

Other fixed asset investments consist of receivables from group enterprises.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial liabilities

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.