

Awdio ApS in liquidation

Andersen Nexø Vej 19
2860 Søborg

CVR No. 43222104

Annual report 2024

1 January 2024 - 31 December 2024

Adopted at the Annual General Meeting on 30.
June 2025

Albert Juul Digns
Chairman

Contents

Company details	1
Management's Review	2
Statement by Management	3
The Independent Auditor's Extended Review on the Financial Statements	4
Income statement	6
Proposed distribution of profit and loss	6
Assets	7
Equity and liabilities	8
Statement of changes in equity	9
Notes	10
Accounting policies	11

Company details

Company

Awdio ApS in liquidation
Andersen Nexø Vej 19
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CVR No.: 43222104

Liquidator

Albert Juul Digen

Auditors

inforevision
statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab
Buddingevej 312
2860 Søborg
CVR No. 19263096

Simon Morthorst, State Authorised Public Accountant

Management's Review

Primary activities

The company's primary activity is to develop and operate a platform with interactive sound for children and related business at the management's discretion.

Development in activities and finances

The results of the company's activities in the financial year amounted to a profit/loss of DKK -1.373.024 against DKK -4.224.725 in last financial year. The equity at the balance sheet date amounted to DKK 70.620.

Management consider the results as not satisfactory.

Outlook

The company has ceased its activities and is awaiting liquidation in 2025.

Statement by Management

Liquidator have today considered and adopted the annual report for 1 January 2024 - 31 December 2024 for Awdio ApS in liquidation .

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

The undersigned was appointed by the shareholder as liquidator for the company on 28th March 2025 in connection with the decision to place the company into voluntary liquidation. The liquidation was expected to be completed before the submission of the annual report for 2024. However, the company has not yet received the tax clearance certificate, which should have been available no later than 30 June 2025. As a result, it has been necessary to prepare an additional financial statement. There has been no business activity in the company since the decision to liquidate was made. The liquidator's knowledge of the company's affairs is limited to the information provided to the auditor and liquidator by the company's former management. The management statement is made on the basis of the information the liquidator has been able to obtain. The management statement is therefore made with the reservation that I have no knowledge of the company or its affairs prior to 28th March 2025, and that for the subsequent period my knowledge of the company is based on the information I have received from the former management and auditor in connection with the preparation of the financial statements. In my opinion, the annual report provides a true and fair view of the company's assets, liabilities and financial position as 31st December 2024, as well as of the result of the company's activities for the financial year 1st January– 31st December 2024. In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the the company's financial position at 31 December 2024 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 1 January 2024 - 31 December 2024.

I believe that the Management's review contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend that the annual report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Søborg, 30. June 2025

Liquidator

Albert Juul Digenis

The Independent Auditor's Extended Review on the Financial Statements

To the shareholder's of Awdio ApS in liquidation

Conclusion

We have performed an extended review of the financial statements of Awdio ApS in liquidation for the financial year 1 January 2024 - 31 December 2024, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on our work performed, in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 31 December 2024 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2024 - 31 December 2024 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for conclusion

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the Danish Business Authority's Assurance Standard for Small Enterprises and FSR – Danish Auditors' standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Practitioner's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to the company's applied accounting practices on pages 11–13, where it is stated that the liquidation financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the realization principle.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements Management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Practitioner's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the financial statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures in order to obtain limited assurance for our conclusion on the financial statements and in addition perform specifically required supplementary procedures to obtain further assurance for our conclusion.

An extended review comprises procedures that primarily consist of making inquiries of Management and others within the Company, as appropriate, analytical procedures and the specifically required supplementary procedures as well as evaluation of the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less than those performed in an audit, and accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on the financial statements.

The Independent Auditor's Extended Review on the Financial Statements, continued

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the extended review, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We did not identify any material misstatement in the Management's review.

Søborg, 30. June 2025

inforevision statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab
CVR-nr. 19263096

Simon Morthorst
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne29383

Income statement

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2024</u> DKK	<u>2023</u> DKK
Gross loss		-365,268	-2,120,760
Staff costs	1	-1,933,920	-2,103,151
Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA)		-2,299,188	-4,223,911
Finance income		0	78
Finance expenses		-3,276	-892
Loss before tax		-2,302,464	-4,224,725
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	929,440	0
Loss for the year		-1,373,024	-4,224,725

Proposed distribution of profit and loss

	<u>2024</u> DKK	<u>2023</u> DKK
Proposed distribution of profit and loss for the year :		
Transferred to retained earnings	-1,373,024	-4,224,725
Loss for the year	-1,373,024	-4,224,725

Assets

	Note	31-12-2024	31-12-2023
		DKK	DKK
Other receivables		27,977	99,709
Prepayments		0	2,582
Receivables		27,977	102,291
Cash at bank and in hand		305,015	1,598,971
Current assets		332,992	1,701,262
Total assets		332,992	1,701,262

Equity and liabilities

	Note	31-12-2024	31-12-2023
		DKK	DKK
Contributed capital		50,104	50,104
Retained earnings		20,516	1,393,540
Equity		70,620	1,443,644
Trade payables		68,223	167,917
Other payables		194,149	89,701
Short-term liabilities other than provisions		262,372	257,618
Liabilities other than provisions		262,372	257,618
Total equity and liabilities		332,992	1,701,262
Contingent assets	3		
Unrecognised contractual commitments	4		

Statement of changes in equity

	Contributed capital	Share premium	Retained earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January 2023	50,104	7,335,673	-1,717,408	5,668,369
Transferred share premium		-7,335,673	7,335,673	0
Distributed profit/loss for the year			-4,224,725	-4,224,725
Equity at 1 January 2024	50,104	0	1,393,540	1,443,644
Distributed profit/loss for the year			-1,373,024	-1,373,024
Equity at 31 December 2024	50,104	0	20,516	70,620

Notes

1. Staff costs

	2024	2023
	DKK	DKK
Wages and salaries	1,947,639	2,022,537
Pensions	14,000	20,000
Other social security costs	-35,578	14,973
Other staff cost	7,859	45,641
Total	1,933,920	2,103,151
Average number of full-time employees	2	2

2. Tax expense

	Corporation tax	Deferred tax	Tax on profit/loss for the year
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Payables at 1 January 2024	-929,440	0	
Paid in respect of previous years	929,440		
Tax on profit/loss for the year	0	0	0
Payables at 31 December 2024	0	0	
Tax on profit/loss for the year recognised in the income statement			0

3. Contingent assets

	2024	2023
	DKK	DKK
Unrecognised deferred tax assets due to tax losses carried forward and tax depreciation below accounting depreciation on fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	759,284	262,693

4. Unrecognised contractual commitments

	2024
	DKK
The company has entered into rental commitment regarding rent of premises. There is two months' notice from the tenant. The total commitment represents	14,000
Total rental and lease obligations	14,000

Accounting policies

Information on reporting class

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with Danish financial statement legislation as well as generally accepted accounting principles.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing Reporting class B.

Some provisions from reporting class C has been adopted.

The accounting policies have not been changed from last year.

Generally regarding recognition and measurement

The financial statements have been prepared based on historical cost.

The income is recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the maturity period. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less any repayments and with addition/deduction of the cumulative amortisation of any difference between cost and the nominal amount. In this way, capital losses and gains are allocated over the maturity period.

Recognition and measurement take into account predictable losses and risks occurring before the presentation of the annual report which confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date.

The functional currency is Danish Kroner. All other currencies are considered foreign currencies.

Foreign currency translation

During the year, transactions in foreign currencies have been translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. If currency positions are considered hedge of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables and debt denominated in foreign currencies have been recognised at the exchange rate of the balance sheet date.

Realised and unrealised exchange gains and losses have been recognised in the income statement under other financial income and expenses.

Accounting policies, continued

Income statement

The income statement has been classified by nature.

Gross profit

Gross profit/loss includes "Other operating income" and "External expenses".

Other operating income

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the company's primary activities, including payments received from public authorities as well as profit on sale of fixed assets.

External expenses

External expenses comprises Selling costs, Cost of premises and Administrative expenses.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries including holiday pay and pensions and other social security costs etc. to the company's employees.

Financial income

Financial income is recognised with amounts concerning the financial year. Financial income comprise interest as well as interest reimbursements under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme.

Financial expenses

Financial costs are recognized in the income statement with the amounts relating to the financial year. Other financial costs include interest, realized and unrealized exchange rate losses and interest surcharges under the advance tax scheme.

Tax on profit or loss for the year

Tax on profit or loss for the year represents 22% of the book profit or loss adjusted for non-taxable and non-deductible items.

Tax on profit or loss for the year consists of the anticipated tax portion of the taxable income for the year adjusted for the changes for the year in deferred tax. Changes in deferred taxes due to adjustments of tax rates is recognised in the income statement.

Tax on profit or loss for the year is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit or loss for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The company is subject to the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme. Interest reimbursement and interest surcharge have been recognised in financial income and expenses.

Accounting policies, continued

Balance sheet

The balance sheet has been presented in account form.

Assets and liabilities are measured at realisation values.

For assets realisation values are estimated as the total net payments the assets are expected to bring in. Realisation values for liabilities are estimated as the total net payouts the liabilities are expected to cause.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts. Provisions for bad debts are determined on the basis of an individual assessment of each receivable.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise costs incurred relating to subsequent financial years.

Deferred tax and corporation tax

Deferred tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method. Provision has been made for deferred tax by 22% on all temporary differences between carrying amount and tax-based value of assets and liabilities. Deferred tax is also measures with respect of the planned use of the asset and the settlement of the liability.

The tax value of the tax losses to be carried forward are included in the calculation of deferred taxes if it is probable that the losses can be used. Deferred tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax assets which are not expected utilised within a few years have been disclosed in notes under contingent assets.

Corporation tax relating to the the financial year which has not been settled at the balance sheet date is classified as corporation tax in receivables or liabilities other than provisions.

Financial debts

Short-term debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

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Albert Juul Digen

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