

Pomoxis ApS

Forhåbningsholms Alle 19, 1, th,

1904 Frederiksberg C

CVR No. 41910178

Annual Report 2024

4. financial year

The Annual Report was presented and
adopted at the Annual General Meeting of
the Company on 26 May 2025

Matthew Stanley Johnson
Chairman

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Management's Statement

Today, Management has considered and adopted the Annual Report of Pomoxis ApS for the financial year 1 January 2024 - 31 December 2024.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company at 31 December 2024 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2024 - 31 December 2024.

In my opinion, the Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the review.

The conditions for not conducting an audit of the Financial Statement have been met.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Frederiksberg, 26 May 2025

Executive Board

Matthew Stanley Johnson
Manager

Pomoxis ApS

Company details

Company	Pomoxis ApS Forhåbningsholms Alle 19, 1, th, 1904 Frederiksberg C
CVR No.	41910178
Date of formation	1 December 2020
Registered office	Frederiksberg
Executive Board	Matthew Stanley Johnson , Manager

Management's Review

The Company's principal activities

The Company's principal activities consist in to hold ownership interests in other companies, participate in investment activities and conduct other related business.

Development in activities and the financial situation

The Company's Income Statement of the financial year 1 January 2024 - 31 December 2024 shows a result of DKK -42.519 and the Balance Sheet at 31 December 2024 a balance sheet total of DKK 34.904 and an equity of DKK -14.426.

Post financial year events

After the end of the financial year, no events have occurred which may change the financial position of the entity substantially.

Uncertainties relating to going concern

The company has lost more than 50% of its share capital and hence subject to the rules regarding loss of capital in the Danish Companies Act. The management expects the reestablishing of the capital in 3 to 4 years, by the company's own earnings.

The company is dependent on that required funding is provided by the shareholders. The management expects that the funds needed are provided and in compliance hereby submit the annual financial statement under the assumption of continued operation.

Accounting Policies

Reporting Class

The annual report of Pomoxis ApS for 2024 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B, with the adoption of individual rules from class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

Reporting currency

The annual report is presented in Danish kroner.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into DKK at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into DKK based on the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet day. Realised and unrealised foreign exchange gains and losses are included in the income statement under financial income and expenses.

General information

Basis of recognition and measurement

The financial statement have been prepared under the historical cost principle.

Income is recognised in the income statement as it is earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value or amortized cost. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortization, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will accrue to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the term. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less repayments and with the addition/deduction of the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount. This way, exchange losses and gains are allocated over the term.

In connection with recognition and measurement, consideration is given to predictable losses and risks occurring prior to the presentation of the financial statement, i.e. losses and risks which prove or disprove matters which exist at the balance sheet date.

Accounting Policies

Income statement

Gross profit/loss

The Company has decided to aggregate certain items of the income statement in accordance with the provisions of Section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Gross profit is a combination of the items other external cost.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses for administration etc.

Tax on net profit for the year

Tax on net profit/loss for the year comprises current tax on expected taxable income of the year and the year's adjustment of deferred tax less the part of the tax of the year that relates to changes in equity. Current and deferred tax regarding changes in equity is recognised directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Equity investments in group enterprises and associates

Equity investments in group enterprises and associates are measured at cost. Dividends that exceed accumulated earnings of the group enterprise or the associate during the ownership period are treated as a reduction of the cost. If cost exceeds the net realizable value, a write-down to this lower value will be performed.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortized cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value. The value is reduced by write-downs for expected bad debts.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand as well as short-term securities with a term of less than three months which can be converted directly into cash at bank and in hand and involve only an insignificant risk of value changes.

Equity

Equity comprises the working capital and a number of equity items that may be statutory or stipulated in the articles of association.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax and the associated adjustments for the year are determined according to the liability method as the tax base of all temporary differences between carrying amounts and the tax bases of assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax losses allowed for carryforward, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be used, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities in enterprises within the same legal entity and jurisdiction.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallize as current tax.

Payables

Payables are measured at amortized cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Contingent assets and liabilities

Contingent assets and liabilities are not recognised in the Balance Sheet but appear only in the notes.

Income Statement

	Note	2024 kr.	2023 kr.
Gross profit		-39.341	-8.531
Employee benefits expense	2	0	0
Profit from ordinary operating activities		-39.341	-8.531
Other finance income		-27	5
Other finance expenses		-10.330	0
Profit from ordinary activities before tax		-49.698	-8.526
Tax expense on ordinary activities		7.179	1.875
Profit		-42.519	-6.651
Proposed distribution of results			
Retained earnings		-42.519	-6.651
Distribution of profit		-42.519	-6.651

Balance Sheet as of 31 December

	Note	2024 kr.	2023 kr.
Assets			
Long-term investments in group enterprises	3	20.200	20.200
Investments		20.200	20.200
Fixed assets		20.200	20.200
Current deferred tax		10.537	3.358
Other short-term receivables		0	19.800
Receivables		10.537	23.158
Cash and cash equivalents		4.167	2.373
Current assets		14.704	25.531
Assets		34.904	45.731

Balance Sheet as of 31 December

	Note	2024 kr.	2023 kr.
Liabilities and equity			
Contributed capital		40.000	40.000
Retained earnings		-54.426	-11.907
Equity	1	-14.426	28.093
Trade payables		4.000	7.238
Other payables		10.330	400
Payables to shareholders and management		35.000	10.000
Short-term liabilities other than provisions		49.330	17.638
Liabilities other than provisions within the business		49.330	17.638
Liabilities and equity		34.904	45.731
Contingent liabilities	4		
Collaterals and assets pledges as security	5		

Statement of changes in Equity

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity 1 January 2024	40.000	-11.907	28.093
Profit (loss)	0	-42.519	-42.519
Equity 31 December 2024	40.000	-54.426	-14.426

The share capital has remained unchanged since the foundation

Notes

1. Uncertainties relating to going concern

Uncertainties relating to going concern

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2. Employee benefits expense

	2024	2023
Average number of employees	1	1

3. Disclosure in long-term investments in group enterprises and associates

Group enterprises

Name	Registered office	Share held in %	Equity	Profit
SJM IP ApS	Frederiksberg	50,50	3.738	-20.327
			3.738	-20.327

4. Contingent liabilities

No contingent liabilities exist at the balance sheet date.

5. Collaterals and securities

No securities or mortgages exist at the balance sheet date.